Exposure Time Calculator for the Roman Coronagraph Instrument

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With support from: Vanessa Bailey, John Debes, Dean Keithly, Brian Kern, Bijan Nemati, Dmitry Savransky, Leah Sheldon

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Roman Coronagraph Info Sessions Day 2. 10/28/2021

CGI Perf: overview

- Excel spreadsheet^{1,2,3} to calculate exposure time to reach SNR accounting for
 - Contrast stability
 - Coronagraph performance
 - Throughput
 - Detector QE
 - Albedo
 - Stray light
 - Exozodi
 - Observing scenario

 SNR^2C_b $-\operatorname{SNR}^2 C_{sp}^2$

- t Exposure time
- SNR –Signal to noise ratio
- C_b Background electron noise count rate
- C_p Planet signal electron count rate
- C_{sp} Residual speckle count rate

CGI Perf: overview

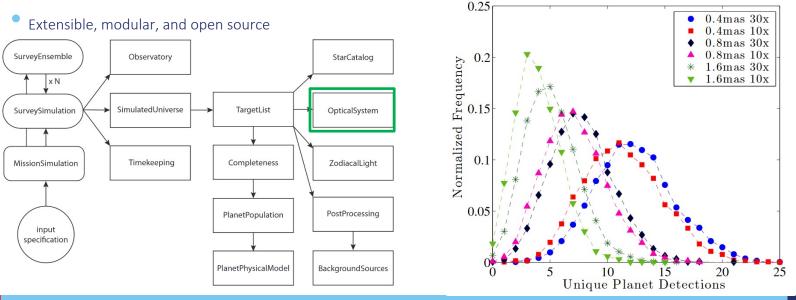


• Great for testing, but not very extensible

A E	3 C	D	E	F	G	Н		J	K	L	М	N O	PQ
1 R	oman Coronag	raph Brightne	ss Depend	ent Errors					Threshold II	MG NF B1	<u>,</u>	CBE	
2	575 nm								time to SNR	0.0.	5 hrs	EB Fiducial Target	
3	Possible sources of c	ty		Current Target EB Fiducial Tar		cial Target		Variance rates for det. noise sources					
4	Contrast Source	C (avg raw)	∆C (stab)					Miss	i planet shot	2.1E-01	e/SR/s		
5	CG Design Perf	2.74E-09	5.48E-10		Coronagraph 1	Type: CGPERF_HL	С_20190210Ы	33%	speckle shot	3.0E-02	e/SR/s		
6	Dist x Sens Model	9.16E-09	2.87E-09	δC	Critical SNR	45.43			zodi shot	3.8E-03	e/SR/s		
7					Critical FR	10.0	ppb, SNR=5.0	QE	dark noise	2.5E-03	e/SR/s		
8					Critical fpp	142.5%	SNR=5.0	69%	CIC + RNLeak	3.0E-02	e/SR/s		
9	Time Margin	99%			Critical pl radius	7.88	@max elong		Stray light	4.7E-03	e/SR/s		
10	pl Thput	1.48%			Hrs to SNR	0.05	hrs	1	read noise	0.0E+00	e/SR/s		
11	Planet Flux Ratio	100.0	ppb		tSNRraw	0.05	hrs		noise var rate	3.46E-01	e/SR/s		
12	SNR target	5.00			seconds to SNR	1.94E+02	sec						
13	2.9E-09 seIDC				frames to SNR	97	frames						
14	93.6 mpi		1.7E-10		frame exp time	2	5	*		int			
15	0.0006 lpk							ξerit	$= \text{SNR} \cdot \frac{\sigma_{\Delta C}}{k_{pp}} \cdot \left(\frac{\tau_{pk} m_{mpix}^{int} \tau_{sp}}{\tau_{src}} \right)$		1		
16	0.0047	total FR	N 3.70						K _{pp}	τ_{src})			
17	Error Category		Rollup	NEFR	native	Comments		Equal Error			Integration Time		
18	Calibration		2.17	10.000							31314	seconds	
19	1 10 0 PT 20 P	Star Phot	1.41	ppb	1.41%	fractional					8.70	hrs	
20		сті	1.10	ppb	1.10%	fractional					*instrumer	nt stray light needs attn	
21		core thruput	0.69		0.69%								
22		flat field	0.71		0.71%							22	
23		Image Correction	0.71		0.71%						1		
24								0	1	1	1 1		
4	Notes	Wkly Updates	Scenario	Error Bud	get DRM	SNR Detecto	or CS	+ : •					Þ
Ready											III (E)	四	- + 85%

EXOSIMS: overview

- End-to-end simulations of space-based exoplanet imaging missions written in Python^{1,2,3}
- Estimate detection and characterization yield by simulating hundreds of missions





4



CGI Perf in EXOSIMS

- Goal: Calculate exposure times quickly for a many targets and many observing scenarios
- OpticalSystem module written that can calculate the CGI Perf exposure time calculations
- Works directly from CGI Perf csv inputs
- Methods^{1,2,3}:
 - Calculate background, speckle, and planet count rates
 - Calculate integration time
 - Calculate Δmag for an integration time via numerical inversion



EXOSIMS input

A JSON file

- Telescope and Coronagraph information¹
- Specify which EXOSIMS modules to use
- Hard coded parameters such as planet orbital parameter ranges
- For each starlight suppression system we load the csv files from the CG_Perf spreadsheet
- For more info see <u>https://exosims.readthedocs.io/en/latest/userpara</u> <u>ms.html</u>
- To create and use planets in code, use the TargetList module
- EXOSIMS uses the TimeKeeping module to track time

[1] https://roman.ipac.caltech.edu/sims/Param_db.html

```
name : HLC-565 ,
    lam : 575,
    BW : 0.10,
    IWA : 0.13049,
    OWA : 0.45.
    lenslSamp : 2.0.
    occ trans : $HOME/Documents/github/WFIRST-CGI
    core thruput : $HOME/Documents/github/WFIRST-
    core_mean_intensity : $HOME/Documents/github/W
    core_area : $HOME/Documents/github/WFIRST-CGI
    core contrast : $HOME/Documents/github/WFIRST
    core platescale : 0.30,
        core stability : $HOME/Documents/github/WF
        core stability setting : MCBE ,
        CG Perf : $HOME/Documents/github/WFIRST-C
observingModes :
   instName : imager,
    systName : HLC-565
    detectionMode : true,
        ContrastScenario : 2019 PDR Update ,
    SNR : 5,
        tau pol : 1,
        GCRFlux : 5.
        photons per relativistic event : 250,
        s baffling : 0.001
modules : {
  PlanetPopulation : KnownRVPlanets
  OpticalSystem : Nemati 2019
  ZodiacalLight : Stark
  BackgroundSources : GalaxiesFaintStars
  PlanetPhysicalModel : ForecasterMod
  Observatory : WFIRSTObservatoryL2 ,
  TimeKeeping :
  PostProcessing :
  Completeness :
  TargetList : KnownRVPlanetsTargetList
                                                                     6
  SimulatedUniverse : KnownRVPlanetsUniverse
  SurveyEnsemble :
```

starlightSuppressionSystems : |



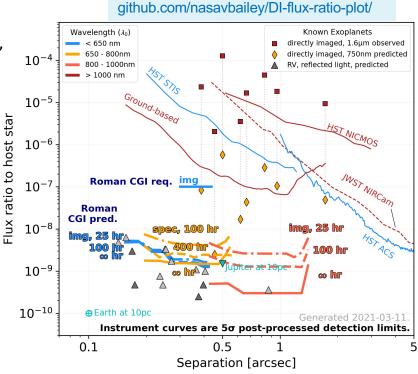
Roman Coronagraph Exposure Time Calculator

See "Observing with the Coronagraph Instrument" talk on Day 1

Predicted detection limits are strongly speckle-limited at shorter wavelengths

Based on lab demonstrations as inputs to high-fidelity, end-to-end thermal, mechanical, optical models.

Most Model Uncertainty Factors set to ~1



Brian Kern (JPL) John Krist (JPL) Bijan Nemati (UA Huntsville) A.J. Riggs (JPL) Hanying Zhou (JPL) Sergi Hildebrandt Rafels (JPL)

SHR: acknowledges support by the Turnbull Roman CGI Science Investigation

https://github.com/hsergi/Roman Coronagraph ETC

Roman Coronagraph Exposure Time Calculator

Allows the user to derive integration times for:

- Three types of **targets**:
 - Self luminous exoplanets
 - Reflected light exoplanets
 - Exodust

Three different **observing modes**:

- Narrow Field of View Imager (575 nm, 10% bandwidth)
- Single Slit, Prism-based Spectroscopy (730 nm, 15% bandwidth, R=50)
- Wide Field of View Imager (825 nm, 10% bandwidth)

- Two Instrumental and Mission performance levels:
 - **Optimistic**: most model uncertainty factors are set to 1
 - **Conservative**: current best estimates of model uncertainty factors (will be updated as ground tests happen)
- Fully documented
- Public repository on **GitHub**





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Written in 🟓 python

Deep Dive Info Session on November 18, 2021, 9 am PT: Link

18!

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Questions

